# **ANCILLARY SERVICES**

CH – 15 Module A PPB By Ashish Sir

### **REMITTANCES: INTRODUCTION**

Oefinition: Transfer of funds from one bank branch to another

(same or different bank).

#### S Modes of Remittance:

Mode	Description	Example
Banker's Cheque (BC)	Used for local payments	Paying a vendor for
		business expenses within
		the same city.
Demand Draft (DD)	Secure paper-based	A student paying university
	payment for intercity	fees in another city.
	transfers	
NEFT (National	Electronic interbank	Paying monthly rent to a
Electronic Funds	transfer settled in	landlord's account.
Transfer)	batches	
RTGS (Real Time	Immediate high-value	Sending ₹5 lakh from
Gross Settlement)	fund transfer	Mumbai to Delhi for
		property booking.

# DEMAND DRAFTS (DD) & BANKER'S CHEQUES (BC)

### **Demand Draft (DD):**

Feature	Details
Туре	Negotiable instrument for intercity transfer
Key Restriction	Cannot be payable to bearer (Sec.31 of RBI Act 1934)
Use Case	College admission fees, government tenders
Validity	3 months (can be revalidated once within a year)
Regulation	₹20,000+ must have account payee crossing

#### Banker's Cheque (BC):

Use Cases	Example
Client Requests	Paying a consultant for services
Legal Heirs Payment	Disbursing deceased customer's account balance
Bill Payments	Utility bills, deferred payments
Contractor Payments	Paying civil contractors for government projects

### **▲** Regulations for DD/BC:

- ₹50,000+ transactions **must be through banking channels**.
- ₹20,000+ transactions cannot be paid in cash.
- Purchaser's name must be mentioned (Effective Sept 15, 2018).

#### **Duplicate DD/BC:**

Requirement	Condition
Loss Reported	Purchaser must submit an indemnity bond
<mark>lssuance Time</mark>	Within 15 days (RBI directive)

### NATIONAL ELECTRONIC FUNDS TRANSFER (NEFT)

Feature	Details
Туре	Secure electronic funds transfer system
Settlement	Batch-wise processing
Transaction Limit	No minimum or maximum limit
Unique Code Required	IFSC Code
Use Case	Paying utility bills, monthly rent, business transactions

#### Benefits:

- Automated & cost-effective processing.
- Secure & quick transfer.
- 🔽 No courier or physical handling needed.
- 🗹 Refund available for failed transactions.
- Recurring payments enabled (EMIs, subscriptions, etc.).

### Special Feature:

Facility	Purpose
Indo-Nepal Remittance Facility	Enables transfer of funds from India to Nepal

# **REAL TIME GROSS SETTLEMENT (RTGS)**

Feature	Details
Туре	Real-time electronic funds transfer
Settlement	Individual (gross settlement)
Transaction Limit	Minimum ₹2 lakh, No maximum limit
Availability	24×7×365
Processing Time	Instant settlement within 30 minutes
Use Case	High-value real estate transactions, business payments

### **Required Information for RTGS:**

Required Details	Example
Amount of remittance	₹5,00,000
Sender's account number	1234567890
Beneficiary bank name & IFSC	HDFC0001234
Beneficiary's name & account number	ABC Pvt Ltd, 9876543210
Purpose of transfer	Property advance payment

### 🗹 Benefits: 🕯

- Safe & secure transactions.
- Instant processing.
- 🗹 Available **24x7**.
- 🔽 No batch processing delays.



🎸 Mode	Features	😵 Example
Demand Draft	Paper-based, intercity secure	University fee
(DD)	transaction	payment
Banker's	Local payments, valid for 3 months	Vendor payment
Cheque (BC)		within a city
NEFT	Batch-processed electronic transfer,	Monthly rent transfer
	no amount limit	
RTGS	Real-time large-value transfer, ₹2	Property purchase
	lakh minimum	advance

# ELECTRONIC BENEFIT TRANSFER (EBT) SCHEME

#### **What is EBT?**

- The Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) scheme ensures direct & timely disbursal of government benefits without leakages.
- Supports welfare schemes like:
  - Social Security Pensions
  - Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee
     Scheme (MNREGS)
  - National Old Age Pension Scheme (NOAPS)
  - Insurance & Subsidy Payments

 Financial Inclusion Tool: Ensures cash benefits reach beneficiaries via bank accounts.

# Implementation of the Scheme

- Model Used: "One District, One Bank"
- Rebranded as: Direct Benefit Transfer (DBT)
- **Objective:** Direct subsidy & cash benefit transfers to Aadhaar-

seeded bank accounts.

#### **Benefits**:

- Ensures financial transparency.
- Reduces leakages & middlemen.
- Strengthens last-mile banking access.
- Empowers financial inclusion in rural areas.

# EBT Scheme Model

- Key Benefits of EBT:
- Reduces time & administrative costs for the government.
- Encourages banks to penetrate remote villages.
- State Governments pay commission to banks, making it financially viable.

# **EBT Operational Framework:**

 Step	Process
1 State Government	State designates <b>one leader bank per district</b> in
& RBI	consultation with <b>RBI Regional Office &amp; SLBC</b> .
2 Leader Bank	Leader bank enters revenue-sharing contracts with
Arrangement	other banks.
3 Nodal Department	State Government Nodal Dept. coordinates with leader
	bank for all EBT schemes.
4 Beneficiary	Participating banks open accounts & issue smart cards
Enrollment	through <b>Business Correspondents (BCs)</b> .
5 Fund Transfer	Leader bank receives funds from State Government &
	transfers to participating banks.
6 Beneficiary Credit	Participating banks credit beneficiaries' accounts on the
	same day.

# Banking Services via EBT:

n Service	Description
Deposit Scheme	Variable Recurring Deposit with Overdraft Facility.
Remittance Services	Easy <b>fund transfers</b> for rural beneficiaries.
Entrepreneurial Credit	General Credit Card (GCC) & Kisan Credit Card (KCC) options.

#### Summary Table

🇳 Aspect	Details
🛠 Scheme Name	Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT)
f Coverage	MNREGS, NOAPS, Pensions, Insurance, Subsidies
ਜੇ DBT Model	"One District - One Bank" Approach
Beneficiary	Aadhaar-linked <b>bank accounts</b> via <b>Business</b>
Accounts	Correspondents
D Payment	Leader Bank $\rightarrow$ Other Banks $\rightarrow$ Beneficiaries (Same
Processing	Day Credit)
Rervices Under	Deposit, Remittance, GCC/KCC Loans
EBT	

# **SAFE DEPOSIT LOCKERS & ELECTRONIC BENEFIT**

# **TRANSFER (EBT) SCHEME**

#### **Measures for EBT Implementation**

Key Measures for Successful Implementation:

A Measure	Description
Opening of Beneficiary Bank Accounts	Ensuring Aadhaar-seeded bank accounts for all recipients.
DBT Implementation Committee	Formed at the district level for coordination.

Transparency on SLBC	Display of district/village-wise Business
Website	Correspondents (BCs).
Grievance Redressal System	Dedicated complaint resolution officer in
	every district.

Banking Infrastructure Enhancements:

- All Public Sector Banks (PSBs) are connected to Aadhaar Payment Bridge (APB).
- Expansion of bank branches, business correspondents, and ATMs in unserved areas.
- Issuance of **debit cards to all beneficiaries** for easy withdrawals.

Real-life Example: A farmer in a remote village receives MNREGS payments directly in his Aadhaar-linked bank account and withdraws money at the nearest Bank Mitra (BC Agent).

# **HIRING OUT A LOCKER**

### Key Steps for Locker Allotment:

Step	Requirement
1 KYC Compliance	New hirers must complete <b>KYC as per RBI/PMLR norms</b> . Existing KYC-compliant customers are exempt.
2 Transparency in Allotment	Banks maintain a <b>waitlist in CBS/software system</b> for fairness.

3 Model Locker	Banks follow IBA's Model Locker Agreement, per
Agreement	Supreme Court ruling.
4 Locker Rent	Varies by <b>size (small, medium, large, extra-large)</b> and is payable <b>in advance</b> .
5 Term Deposit as Security	A deposit may be taken for <b>3 years' rent</b> and charges for breaking open a locker in case of default.

Real-life Example: A jeweler rents a large locker for keeping high-

value gold ornaments. The bank ensures **dual key access** for security.

# ⑦ Infrastructure and Security

### Safety Measures for Lockers:

ntering security Feature	Implementation
Strong Room/Vault	Single entry/exit point, protected with CCTV
	(recordings stored for 180 days).
Unauthorized Access	CCTV footage preserved until police investigation is
Complaints	completed.
Water & Fire Protection	Flood & fire-proofing measures implemented.
Standardized Locker	Lockers conform to <b>BIS &amp; industry security</b>
Mechanism	standards.
Master Key Custody	Duplicate keys are stored securely at another
	branch.

Real-life Example: A diamond trader stores valuable stones in a

bank locker. Strong-room security ensures the safety of contents.

# Locker Operations

### Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for Lockers:

🏈 Procedure	Implementation
Access Control	Only authorized hirers are allowed entry. Identity verification is mandatory.
Privacy Measures	No <b>bank officials</b> or <b>other customers</b> allowed inside during operation.
Customer Alerts	Email/SMS alerts sent on locker access.
Lock Maintenance	Keys interchanged after surrender; spare keys stored securely.
Daily Checks	Officer-in-charge ensures lockers are properly closed at day-end.
Record Keeping	Locker transactions recorded in CBS/software system.

**Real-life Example:** A customer forgets to close their locker properly.

The **bank officer detects it during daily checks** and informs the customer via **SMS alert**.

### Summary Table

Aspect	Details
🛠 EBT/DBT	Aadhaar-linked transfers, transparent allotment,
Implementation	grievance redressal.

f Locker Security	CCTV monitoring, strong-room entry control,
Features	fire/waterproofing.
E Hiring & Access Rules	KYC required, term deposit for rent security, key control measures.
Daily Operations &	Lockers verified daily, SMS alerts for locker access.
Checks	

# SAFE DEPOSIT LOCKERS

#### **Nomination Facility**

Key Rules for Nomination in Lockers

A Nomination Rule	Details
Single Locker Hirer	Can nominate <b>only one individual</b> .
Joint Hirers	Can nominate one or more persons. (Max 2)
Photographs	Optional for nominee(s).
Thumb Impression Cases	Requires attestation by <b>two witnesses</b> .
Acknowledgment	Provided for <b>nomination/cancellation/variation</b> .

Real-life Example: A retired individual nominates his son for his bank

locker containing property documents and valuables.

# **U** Claims Settlement on Death of a Customer

#### **Claim Settlement Process:**

Procedure
After verifying <b>death certificate</b> , the <b>nominee is given access</b> post-inventory.
Nominee & surviving hirers can access
after taking inventory.
Bank follows predefined mandate.
Legal heirs are given access as per bank policy & documentation.

**Time Limit for Settlement:** 

- Maximum 15 days from claim submission.
- No need for succession certificate, indemnity bond, or surety.

Prerequisites for Access:

- Proper identification of nominee/ legal heirs.
- Verification of Court orders (if any). •
- Nominee/survivors receive locker contents as a trustee, not as an absolute owner.

Real-life Example: A widow submits her late husband's death  $\checkmark$ certificate, and the bank allows her access to their jointly held locker.