#### **SECURITIZATION OF ASSETS**

**Securitization of NPAs & Sale of Stressed Assets by Banks** 

#### Selling Stressed Assets

When banks hold non-performing or stressed assets (NPAs), they may sell these assets to Asset Reconstruction Companies (ARCs) or other financial entities like NBFCs and FIs to clean up their balance sheets and improve financial health.

#### Offering Assets to Diverse Buyers

- **⊗** Banks can sell stressed assets to ARCs, other banks, NBFCs, and Financial Institutions (FIs).
- Encouraging more buyers leads to better price discovery and maximizes recovery.

#### **Public Solicitation of Bids**

 \( \sigma \)
 To attract more potential buyers, banks should publicly solicit bids.

 Public auctions ensure transparency and fair price determination.

#### Acquisition of Stressed Financial Assets by ARCs

#### Acquiring Multiple Debts and Linked Collateral

- ARCs can acquire all financial assets linked to a single borrower from multiple banks/FIs.
- This allows for faster and more efficient resolution of stressed assets.

#### Fund-Based & Non-Fund-Based Assets

- RCs can acquire:
  - ✓ Fund-based assets (Loans, Advances)
  - ✓ Non-fund-based assets (Guarantees, Letter of Credit)
- Assets classified as SMA-2 (Special Mention Accounts -2) can also be acquired.

#### **Transfer of Assets to Trusts**

Once acquired, ARCs transfer assets to trusts established by them.

 These assets are transferred at the acquisition price paid by the ARC.

#### (L) Resolution Period

- ARCs must resolve the assets within 5 years from the acquisition date.
- If unresolved after 5 years, the ARC Board can extend up to 8 years.

#### Issue of Security Receipts (SRS)

### Issuance of SRS Through Trust

- ARCs issue Security Receipts (SRS) via a trust specifically created for this purpose.
- \$\times\$ The trust is managed by the ARC itself.

#### **A** Limited Transferability

- SRS can only be issued to Qualified Institutional Buyers (QIBs).
- Transfer of SRS is **restricted to other QIBs only**.

#### Disclosure Requirements

 ARCs issuing SRS must disclose relevant details as per RBI guidelines.

This ensures transparency for investors.

#### **Minimum Investment in SRS**

 ARCs must invest a minimum of 15% in the SRS issued under each scheme.

#### **Continuous Holding of SRS**

• ARCs must hold at least 15% of the SRS until full redemption.

### Summary Table: Securitization of NPAs & ARCs Role

<b>Aspect</b> Details	
Who Can Buy	ARCs, Banks, NBFCs, Financial
Stressed Assets?	Institutions
Selling Method	Public solicitation of bids for
	transparency

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<b>Asset Acquisition by</b>	Single borrower assets from		
ARCs	multiple banks & SMA-2		
Asset Transfer	ARCs transfer assets to <b>Trusts</b>		
(2) Resolution Timeline	5 years (extendable to 8 years		
	by ARC Board)		
Issuance of SRS	Issued only to QIBs		
Transferability of SRS	Limited only to QIBs		
S ARC's Minimum	15% of the issued SRS		
Investment in SRS			
ARC's Holding in SRS	C's Holding in SRS At least 15% until redemption		





- What is a Bad Bank? ?
- Bad Banks are Asset Reconstruction Companies (ARCs) that buy bad loans (NPAs) from commercial banks, manage them, and recover money by selling these assets in the market.

 Transferring NPAs to Bad Banks frees up the balance sheets of commercial banks, improving their financial health.

Bad Bank in India - National Asset Reconstruction Company Limited (NARCL)

NARCL is an Asset Reconstruction Company set up to acquire and resolve stressed assets of commercial banks.

- **Features of NARCL**
- ✓ Total capital of Rs 6,000 crore (\$)
- ✓ RBI License received in October 2021 ☐ ✓
- **✓** 51% ownership by Public Sector Banks (PSBs) **□**
- **K** How Will NARCL Take Over Bad Loans?
- NARCL will acquire stressed assets worth Rs 2 lakh crore in the first phase.
- ♦ Assets will be acquired through:
- (§) 15% upfront cash payment
- 85% in Security Receipts (SRs)

**India Debt Resolution Company Ltd (IDRCL)** 

- IDRCL works alongside NARCL to sell stressed assets in the
  market.
- **Objective**: Find buyers for bad loans and maximize recovery.
- **♦ 51% ownership by Private Sector entities**

#### Benefits of Bad Banks for Banks

- Faster Resolution of Stressed Assets
- ✓ Better Value Realization for Bad Loans 🕏 📈
- Frees Up Bank Personnel to Focus on New Lending
- ✓ Improves Banks' Ability to Raise Capital from Markets
- Enhances Bank Valuations & Strengthens Financial Position

### **MARKETING**

- It refers to the strategic process of Creating, promoting and selling products or services for target customers to meet their needs and wants.
- It involves understanding consumer preferences, creating products, and utilizing various channels to reach and engage potential buyers.

### **Example**:

A bank launching a new savings scheme **promotes it through social media, newspaper ads, and branch visits** to attract customers.



### **S** By Sir Frederick Seebohm:

"The creation and delivery of customer-satisfying services at a profit to the bank."

#### **SP** By Kenneth Andrew:

"The matching of bank's resources with the customer's needs in the most profitable manner."

#### **By Deryk Vander Weyer:**

"Bank Marketing is a proactive business strategy aimed at organizational excellence."

- √ Identifying profitable markets (current & future)
- ✓ Understanding & fulfilling customer needs
- ✓ Setting business goals & planning for growth
- √ Adapting to a changing market environment ⑤

### Customer-Centric Approach in Retail Banking 🔡 🕿

**Customer** is the **centre of attraction** in retail banking and marketing and all the activities have to be focused towards

- **♦** Understanding customer needs **♦**
- Developing suitable banking products 🖃 🏦

**♦** Ensuring continued customer engagement **♦ ■** 

#### **Example:**

A bank offering **personalized home loan solutions** based on customer income and preferences.



		<b>Descri</b>	ption		Exa	mple	Bar	nking
		Gathering	insights	on	Cor	ducti	ng su	rveys
Research	Market	customer	needs	&	on	digita	al bai	nking
Research		trends			pre	ferend	ces	
<b>5</b> 7 <b>-</b>	<b>D A</b> 11	D o fi io io o	:		Offe	ering	stu	dent-
<b>2</b> ☐ Target	Market	Denning	10	leal	frie	ndly	loans	s to
Identification		customer	segment	S	coll	ege-g	oers f	

	<b>Description</b>	Banking
, otop		Example
<b>I</b> Product	Creating customized	Launching a
	products to meet	premium savings
Differentiation	needs	account with
		cashback rewards
		Offering zero-
<b>Ф</b> ricing Strategy	Setting competitive	balance accounts
El Hellig Strategy	and p <mark>rofitable</mark> pricing	to attract new
		cu <mark>stome</mark> rs
	Using various	Running Google
<b>5</b> ☐ Promotion &		Ads & YouTube
Advertising	channels to reach	campaigns on new
	customers	banking offers
<b>6</b> ☐ Distribution &		Expanding digital
		banking for better
Sales	products	customer reach

	<b>Description</b>	Banking Example
<b>Z</b> Customer Engagement	Maintaining relationships through personalized communication	Sending SMS alerts & personalized app notifications
<b>&amp;</b> □Data Analysis & Optimization	Tracking marketing	analytics to assess
9 Feedback & Adaptation	Improving based on customer insights	Modifying loan interest rates based on customer affordability

**Example:** A bank **introducing an Al-based chatbot** to enhance customer service & engagement online .....

Final Takeaways

✓ Marketing is customer-driven and strategic. 

☐

<b>✓</b>	Bank	Marketing	focuses	on	matching	banking	services
with	ı custo	omer needs	profitab	ly.			

**The marketing process ensures continuous** improvement & innovation. □

Modern banks leverage digital marketing & data analytics for customer retention.

**□ "Good banking is about meeting customer needs before** they even realize it!" **□ □** 

Marketing in Retail Banking 🔲 🖃

& Key Stages in Retail Banking Marketing &

	<b>Description</b>	Banking
		Example
	Understanding	Conducting SWOT
	market dynamics,	analysis for <b>digital</b>
Analysis 📈	trends & competitor	banking expansion
	analysis	Ш
Marketing	Defining <b>Strategic</b>	Creating a plan for
Planning 📝	Business Units (SBU),	launching a <b>youth-</b>

	Description	Banking Example
	setting goals &	focused savings
	strategies	account 🗑
3 Marketing	Answering <b>who,</b>	
Implementation	where, when & how	
	for execution	dates & sales strategies 🗐
	Moni <mark>toring &amp;</mark>	Using Al-powered
<b>4</b> □ Mar <mark>ketin</mark> g	evalu <mark>ati</mark> ng	an <mark>alytics</mark> to track
Control	perfo <mark>rm</mark> ance with	cu <mark>stome</mark> r
	corrective actions	engagement 🔟

Ш	1	Marketi	ng /	Analysis	_	Understanding	the	Market
Land	dsc	ape 🔾						

#### **What it Involves?**

- ✓ Analysing market environments ⑤
- Conducting **SWOT** (Strength-Weakness-Opportunity-

Threat) analysis III

Understanding customer behavior & competitor strategies



#### What it Includes?

- ✓ Defining Strategic Business Units (SBU)
- ✓ Setting business objectives & financial goals 🖏
- ✓ Planning target audience, product positioning & budget allocation
- Marketing Implementation Executing the Plan
- **What it Focuses On?**
- ✓ Deciding who does what, where, when & how 

  □
- ✓ Effective execution of marketing mix (**Product, Price,**Place,

  Promotion)
- ✓ Aligning people, culture & decision-making
- **☑ 4** Marketing Control Monitoring & Adjusting **⑤**

- **What it Involves?**
- ✓ Using data analytics for customer feedback & sales tracking <
- √ Taking corrective actions (reactive or proactive)

### **Example:**

A bank analyzes low engagement on an EMI loan campaign & shifts its strategy to influencer promotions for better reach

- **™** Marketing Mix in Retail Banking **™**
- **What is Marketing Mix?**

Marketing Mix refers to the **7Ps strategy** that banks use to **attract, engage & retain customers** while offering financial products and services effectively.

### The 7Ps of Retail Banking Marketing Mix



Marketing Mix Element	<b>₽</b> Definition	Example in Banking
Draduat P	Anything that satisfies a customer's financial	
LProduct ( ]		loans, credit cards, mutual funds
22Price (§)	The cost customers bear (interest rates, fees)	Loan interest rates,  deposit rates,  service charges []
<b>I</b> Promotion	promoting banking	Ads, social media, personal selling, events
<b>4</b> ⊅lace <b>⑦</b>	It refers to the place where the bank is offering its product.	online banking,

Marketing Mix Element		Example in Banking
<b>⊡</b> People <b></b>	The role of employees in delivering services	Bank staff, customer service, relationship managers
<b>⊡</b> Process ♥	delivering banking	Loan approvals, fund transfers, KYC,
	Tangible proof of banking services	Debit cards, cheque books, receipts, website design

### **1** Product – Banking Offerings

- ✓ Deposit Products: Savings Account, Fixed Deposits,
  Recurring
  Deposits
- ✓ Loan Products: Home Loans, Car Loans, Personal Loans
- ✓ Investment Products: Mutual Funds, Insurance, Stock

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**Trading** 

✓ Other Services: Internet Banking, Mobile Banking, Credit Cards

Example: A bank launches a "Premium Savings Account" offering higher interest rates & free ATM withdrawals to attract customers ...

### **3** 2 Price – Banking Charges & Interest Rates

- ✓ Deposit Accounts → Interest paid by the bank
- ✓ Loans & Credit Cards → Interest charged to customers
- ✓ Service Fees → Processing charges, penalties, forex charges
- **Example:** A bank reduces **home loan interest rates** to attract more borrowers .

**3** Promotion – Reaching Customers

- √ Advertising (TV, Newspapers, Online)
- ✓ Personal Selling (Bank Relationship Managers)
- ✓ Sales Promotions (Cashback offers, Discounts)
- ✓ Publicity & Social Media Marketing
- Example: A bank partners with Amazon & Flipkart to offer discounts on credit card purchases .
- **4** Place Where Banking Happens?
- ✓ Physical Branches & ATMs 🔡
- ✓ Internet Banking & Mobile Apps 🗒
- √ Business Correspondents (Rural Banking) 

  ☐
- ✓ AI-Powered Chatbots & Call Centers 🖟
- Example: HDFC Bank expands digital banking services in rural areas using banking correspondents & mobile apps (\$\frac{1}{2}\$).
- 5 People The Human Factor in Banking

- √ Bank Employees & Relationship Managers
- **✓** Customer Service Agents
- √ Financial Advisors & Investment Consultants
- **Example: ICICI Bank** trains staff in **personalized banking solutions** to improve customer relationships **③**.

#### **©** 6 Process – Efficient Banking Operations

- √ Loan Approval & Disbursement
- √ Customer Onboarding (KYC Process)
- ✓ Online Transactions & Fund Transfers
- **Example:** SBI implements AI-powered loan processing to approve personal loans within 5 minutes **2**.

7 Physical Evidence – Tangible Proof of Banking

- ✓ Debit & Credit Cards **=**
- √ Cheque Books & Passbooks 
  ☐
- √ Bank Website & Mobile App Design 
  ☐
- ✓ Receipts & Statements

**Example: Axis Bank redesigns its mobile app** with a user-friendly interface & secure login for better customer experience **②**.

### **Measuring Marketing Effectiveness**

	What It Measures?	<b>Example</b>
Customer	Number of new	Increased savings
Acquisition 🕰	accounts opened 🖂	accounts sign-ups
Customer Retention 🖸	Percentage of customers staying with the bank	High renewal rate of
Brand	Recognition of the	Increased Google
Awareness 🛱	bank in the market	searches & website

	What It	<b>Example</b>
	Measures?	
		traffic
Product	How often customers	Higher use of <b>UPI</b>
		payments & credit
Utilization []	use services	cards
Cross-Selling	Selling additional	Offering credit cards
		to existing loan
Success	banking products	customers
Customor	Customer feedback &	High Net Promoter
Customer		Scor <mark>e (NPS</mark> ) & positive
Satisfaction 🏠	-	reviews

### Benefits of a Strong Marketing Mix in Retail Banking

- ✓ **©** Customer Acquisition Reaching new clients with targeted marketing
- ✓ © Customer Retention Building loyalty through personalized banking
- ✓ ₩ Brand Awareness Strengthening the bank's image in the market

- ✓ ⑤ Increased Revenue More product sales & cross-selling opportunities
- ✓ Competitive Advantage Standing out with unique offerings
- ✓ 📝 Reputation Management Building trust & credibility
- **Example**: Kotak 811 Account leveraged aggressive digital marketing to increase customer acquisition via mobile banking (a).