CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT IN

RETAIL BANKING

Customer Relationship Management (CRM) in Banking Image: State S

1. Introduction to CRM in Banking

Customer Relationship Management (CRM) is a strategic approach that banks adopt to manage and optimize customer interactions. The primary goal is to enhance customer satisfaction, retention, and loyalty by offering personalized products, services, and communication.

Technology-Driven Approach: Uses data analytics, AI,
 and automation to understand customer behavior.

Customer-Centric Focus: Aims to strengthen
 relationships and increase engagement with customers.

Improved Efficiency: Enhances service delivery,
 operational efficiency, and revenue growth.

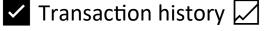
2. Key Features of CRM in Banking

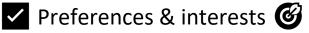




including:









Past interactions across channels 📰 🌭 🗐

Ø Data Integration

- Combines customer data from multiple touchpoints:
- **Online Banking & Mobile Apps**
- Call Centers & Branch Visits
- ATM & PoS Transactions
- Social media & Customer Support Channels

G Personalization & Targeted Marketing

- CRM enables personalized banking experiences through:
- ✓ Targeted marketing
- Product recommendations
- Customized offers

Customer Segmentation

L Categorizes customers based on:

Demographics (Age, Income, Profession)
 Behavioral Aspects (Savings, Spending, Borrowing Habits)

Engagement Level (High-value customers, Infrequent users)

& Interaction Tracking & Seamless Communication

Sriph CRM logs customer queries, complaints, and interactions to provide a personalized experience and quick issue resolution.

3. Objectives of CRM in Banking

Customer Acquisition: Attract new and profitable
 customers through targeted marketing.

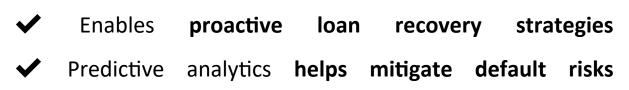
 Customer Retention: Enhance loyalty and retain customers by offering value-driven services.

Customer Expansion: Increase share of wallet by promoting additional products/services.

4. Why Banks Need CRM?

C Increasing Operational Efficiencies

- ✓ Automates processes & centralizes customer data
- Reduces manual tasks & errors
- Enhances employee productivity & operational costefficiency
- Maximizing Employee Potential
- ✓ Provides comprehensive customer insights for better decision-making
- Empowers employees to offer personalized banking services
- ✓ Strengthens employee-customer relationships
- Managing Rising Competition in Retail Banking
- Enables personalized offers & targeted promotions
- ✓ Helps banks differentiate with customer-centric services
- ✓ AI-driven chatbots & self-service options boost engagement
- **(š)** Tackling Rising NPAs (Non-Performing Assets)
- ✓ CRM identifies high-risk customers early ∧



Boosting Fee-Based Income



✓ Banks rely on **fee-based services** as net interest margins

shrink





Insurance products

Mutual funds & investment plans

Credit cards & personal loans

Enhancing Delivery Channel Efficiency

✓ Optimizes service channels (branches, ATMs, mobile

apps)

✓ Matches customers with preferred banking modes

Strengthens multi-channel engagement

5. CRM Implementation in Banking

How Banks Use CRM?

CRM Function Application in Banking		
Customer Profiling Stores transaction history & behavior		
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	insights 🔟	
Lead Management	Tracks potential customers & converts	
	leads 🔛	
Complaint	Provides faster issue resolution &	
Resolution	better service 🜭	
Cross-Selling	Recommends relevant financial	
	products 🖏	
Loyalty Programs	Rewards & incentives for high-value	
	customers 📅	
🐼 Latest CRM Tren	ds in Banking	
✓ AI & Chatbots	s – <mark>Au</mark> tomates custo <mark>mer s</mark> upport 👻	
✓ Predictive Analytics – Forecasts customer needs		
✓ Omnichannel Banking – Integrated experience across		
devices 📲		

Key Components of CRM in Banking:



Customer Data Management – Storing and analyzing

transaction history & preferences 🗄



Personalized Offerings – Tailored banking solutions

based on customer needs 🧭



Customer Engagement – Multi-channel communication

(phone, email, social media, in-person) 🗞 🖄

Sales & Marketing Automation – Al-driven targeting of new and existing customers 🖾 📊

Customer Support & Retention – Handling complaints & ensuring loyalty \heartsuit

S Real-Life Example:

r∕⊋ HDFC Bank uses CRM software to track customer transactions and spending behavior, enabling it to suggest credit cards, loans, and investment plans tailored to individual customers.

CRM Software in Banking L A

- It is specialized application that assists businesses in managing and optimizing their customer relationships.
- It serves as a centralized platform to collect, store, and analyze customer data from various channels.

P Key CRM Software Features:

Marketing Sends targeted Increases Automation emails, SMS & push customer notification indification engagement Sales Force Tracks leads Marketing Automation manages customer card sales follow-ups indification follow-ups Contact Provides real-time Enhances service Integration ustomer support efficiency	Feature	Purpose	Benefit
inotifications engagement inotifications engagement inotifications improves loan & inoti	↔ Marketing	Sends targeted	Increases
Sales Force Tracks leads Mproves loan Automation Manages customer card sales follow-ups follow-ups follow-ups follow-ups follow-ups Contact Provides real-time Enhances service Center customer support efficiency	Automation	emails, SMS & push	customer
Automation manages customer card sales follow-ups follow-ups card sales card sales Contact Provides real-time Enhances service Center customer support efficiency		notifications	engagement
follow-ups Contact Provides real-time Enhances service Center customer support efficiency	Sales Force	Tracks leads &	Improves loan &
Image: Second and the second and th	Automation	manages customer	card sales
Center customer support efficiency		follow-ups	
	Contact	Provides real-time	Enhances service
Integration	Center	customer support	efficiency
	Integration		
Fraud Monitors Reduces financial	Fraud	Monitors	Reduces financial
Prevention transactions for risks	Prevention	transactions for	ris <mark>ks</mark>
suspicious activity		suspicious activity	

Q Real-Life Example:

Kotak Mahindra Bank uses **AI-based CRM analytics** to detect fraudulent transactions and alert customers in real time.

6. How Banks Implement CRM? <a>Figure <a>

Business Processes: This step involves **evaluating the existing business processes** to understand the nature of products and services offered by the bank and their **alignment with CRM implementation**.

Information Processes: This stage involves a **thorough examination of the bank's current information processes** to identify data sources, data flow, and data quality, which are crucial for successful CRM implementation.

Information Systems: This stage involves analysing the **bank's existing information system** to determine its compatibility with the CRM system. Customization and adjustments are planned for CRM implementation.

Internal Organisational Culture This critical step focuses on ensuring that the CRM system aligns with the bank's internal organizational culture.

IMPLEMENTATION STAGES IN CRM

Identification of Customers

• The bank needs to identify the **customers based** on their products availed and focus of the bank.

• This will help the banks to focus the **segment they want to target** and to use the CRM system to effective target at.

Classification of Customers

- Classify customers on various parameters like profitability, product age rate and cost to serve the customers.
- This will help the banks to develop different kinds of strategies to target the segments and design effective campaigns for generating higher returns from existing customers.

Interaction with the most Valued Customers

- After segmenting customers, the bank focuses on building strong relationships with the most valued and high-profit customers.
- It involves personalized communication, offering exclusive benefits, and addressing their needs promptly.

Customisation of Bank's Products and Services for Different Customer Segments.

Feedback from the customers will gives back a new set of **customer data**, which will help in refining the strategy further to target the segment with profitable product propositions.

7. Customer Segmentation in CRM A III

Customer Type	CRM Strategy
High-Net-Worth	Dedicated relationship
Individuals (HNIs)	managers, wealth advisory
🗐 Regu <mark>lar</mark> Bankin <mark>g</mark>	Personalized loan & credit card
Customers	offers
Potential Customers	Targeted marketing &
	promotional campaigns

8. CRM & AI: The Future of Banking X W

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is revolutionizing CRM in banking by enhancing customer insights, automation, and fraud detection.

Al-Driven CRM Features:

Predictive Analytics – Forecasts customer needs based
 on past transactions
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✓ Chatbots & Virtual Assistants – 24/7 automated support customer ✓ Voice Recognition & Biometrics – Secure & frictionless banking ✓ Real-time Fraud Detection – AI-powered alerts for

suspicious activities

Real-Life Example:

✓ HDFC Bank's EVA Chatbot provides instant customer support using **Al-driven** responses.

Customer Relationship Management (CRM) in Banking: Benefits, Analysis & Employee Training 🔛

1. Benefits of CRM in Banking Y Q



Key Benefits of CRM Implementation in Banks:

Enhanced Customer Satisfaction – Personalized services

improve customer experience (&)

Cross-Selling & Upselling – Better understanding of

customer needs leads to more sales opportunities $\langle \overline{s} \rangle$



Operational Efficiency – Automates processes & reduces

human

errors





Competitive Advantage – Helps banks retain customers

& outshine competitors



Better Service Standards – Ensures uniform service

across all branches & digital channels ()



engagement fosters long-term relationships 🏵



Key Observations on CRM in Retail Banking:

Aspect	Traditional	Traditional		Banking
	Banking 🏛		Ø	
Customer	Based	on	Based on per	sonalized

Selection	proximity to	services & digital
	home/office	accessibility
Service	In-branch	Multi-channel: Mobile,
Delivery	transactions only	Internet, ATMs
Marketing	Generic	AI-driven personalized
Approach	promotions	offers
Customer	Reactive support	Proactive engagement
Engagement		& relationship-building

♦ 3. Employee Training for CRM Implementation ♀ ♀ ▲

S Why Employee Training is Crucial for CRM Success?

\checkmark	Employees	must	recognize	customer-brand
relatio	onships			

Training in social psychology helps understand customer

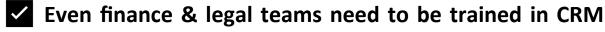
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behavior

Customer service representatives. must be educated on

relationship-building



strategies

Key Employee Training Areas:

Training FocusWhy It Matters?ApplicationinJAIIB withLearning Sessions.https://iibf.info/app

		Banking	
8 Customer	Helps understand	Tailoring loan offers	
Profiling	customer needs	& credit card plans	
G Relationship	Builds strong	Personalized	
Management	customer loyalty	banking experience	
CRM	Ensures employees	Tracking customer	
Software	use CRM tools	interactions	
Training	effectively	efficiently	
Cross-Selling	Increases bank	Promoting loans,	
& Upselling	revenue	mu <mark>tual</mark> funds,	
		insurance	
& Complaint	Enhances service	Handling disputes	
Resolution	quality	with empathy &	
		efficiency	

SERVICE STANDARDS FOR RETAIL BANKING

SERVICE STANDARDS IN RETAIL BANKING

- These are benchmarks and guidelines that banks follow to ensure high-quality and consistent services to their retail (individual) customers.
- These standards are designed to enhance customer satisfaction, build trust, and promote transparency in banking operations.

BANKING CODES AND STANDARDS BOARD OF INDIA

- The Banking Codes and Standards Board of India (BCSBI) was set up on 18th February 2006 as a collaborative effort of RBI and Banks.
- It aimed to set voluntary codes of conduct that banks should follow to improve customer service and transparency.

<mark>NOTE</mark>

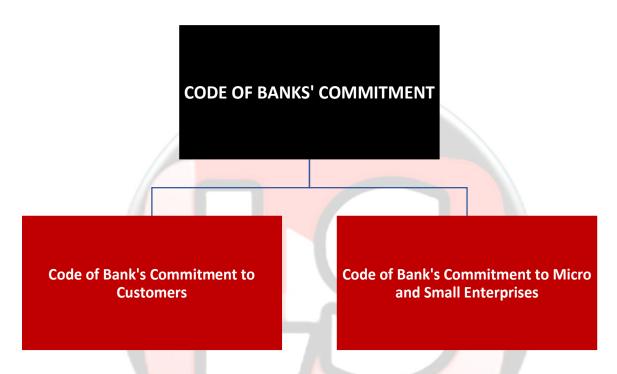
As per Annual Report of RBI dated 25th August 2020, Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has decided to dissolve the Banking Codes and Standards Board of India (BCSBI) and on 28 September 2021, the member banks passed resolutions approving BCBSI dissolution.

MAIN AIMS AND OBJECTS OF FORMING BCSBI

- Set Fair Banking Standards Create voluntary codes for banks to ensure fair treatment of customers.
- Monitor Compliance Act as an independent body to ensure banks follow these codes properly.
- **Train Bank Employees** Help banks educate their staff on customer service and code implementation.
- Spread Awareness Use advertisements, newspapers, TV, and other media to inform customers.
- Conduct Training & Seminars Organize workshops and events to improve banking services and customer protection.

CODE OF BANKS' COMMITMENT

It was introduced by the Banking Codes and Standards Board of India (BCSBI) and **outlines the standards and principles that banks commit to follow while dealing with their customers.**



CODE OF BANK'S COMMITMENT TO CUSTOMERS

- This is a Code of Customer Rights, which sets minimum standards of banking practices member banks have to follow while they deal with individual customers.
- It provides protection to customers and explains how banks are expected to deal with customers in their dayto-day operations.

 The "Code of Bank's Commitment to Customers" was released by Dr. Y.V. Reddy, Governor, Reserve Bank of India in an inaugural function held at RBI on 1st July 2006.

Objectives Of The Code

- Promote good and fair banking practices by setting minimum standards in member bank's dealings with customers;
- Increase transparency so that customers can have a better understanding of what they can reasonably expect from member banks;
- Encourage market forces, through competition, to achieve higher operating standards;
- Promote safe and fair customer dealing in case of banking in a digitized environment.
- Increase awareness of customers and to enhance customer protection.

Application Of The Code

Category	Services Included
Deposit	Current accounts, term deposits, recurring

	deposits, and all other types of deposit
	deposits, and an other types of deposit
Accounts	accounts.
	Payment orders, remittances (Demand
Payment	Drafts and wire transfers), electronic
Services	transactions (RTGS, EFT, NEFT, etc.)
Government	Banking services related to Government
Transactions	transactions.
Investment	Demat accounts, equity, government
Services	bonds.
Currency	
Exchange	Indian c <mark>ur</mark> rency notes exchange facility.
Transaction &	
Custody	Collection of cheques/instruments, safe
Services	custody services.
Credit	
Facilities	Loans and other credit facilities.
Foreign	Foreign Exchange services as permitted
Exchange	under FEMA and RBI guidelines, including
Services	money changing.
Insurance and	Third-party insurance and investment
Investment	products marketed through branches or

Products	authorized representatives/agents.
	ATM/Debit/Credit cards and related
Card Products	services.
Digital	e-wallets, Mobile Banking, Internet
Products	Banking, UPI (Unified Payments Interface),
	BHIM, Aadhaar Pay.

Key Commitments of Member Banks To Customers

Right to Fair Treatment

- Making sure Member Bank's products and services meet relevant laws and regulations in letter and spirit and are appropriate to customer needs and in line with the banking scenario, including digital banking.
- Ensuring that member banks <u>dealings with customer rest</u> on ethical principles of integrity and transparency.
- Offering digital banking and payment systems in a secure, convenient and robust technological environment.
- Not discriminating against customers on the basis of <u>age</u>, <u>race</u>, <u>gender</u>, <u>marital status</u>, <u>religion</u>, <u>disability</u> or <u>financial</u>

status when offering and delivering bank's products and services.

Promoting a fair and equitable relationship with customers.

Right to Transparency, Fair and Honest Dealing

- The price of their products, the associated risks, the terms and conditions that govern use over the product's life cycle and mutual responsibilities will be clearly disclosed.
- Ensuring that customers are given complete information about the member banks' products and services, minimum balance requirements, the interest rates and service charges.
- Giving customers' information on the facilities provided to them and how they can avail of these and whom and how they may contact for addressing their queries by displaying on banks' website.
- Provide customers with a **copy of the Code** when they open an account with the bank and otherwise on request.

- Make available this Code at banks' every branch and on their website.
- Ensure that their staff are trained to provide relevant information about the Code and to effectively put the Code into practice.

Right to Privacy

The member banks will treat all the personal information of their customers as private and confidential

Right to Grievance Redressal and Compensation

- Correcting their mistakes promptly and cancelling any bank charges that they apply by mistake and compensate the customer for any financial loss customers may have incurred due to bank's mistake, in terms of the bank's compensation policy.
- Handling customer **complaints promptly**.
- Telling customers how to take their complaint forward if they are **still not satisfied**.

- The members will display in their branch for customer information.
- a) **Name of the official** at the branch whom customer may approach if they have a grievance.
- b) Name and address of the Regional/Zonal Manager/Principal Nodal Officer (PNO) whom customer can approach if their grievance is not redressed at the branch.
- c) Name and contact details of the Banking Ombudsman under whose jurisdiction the branch falls.